### Effectiveness of investigation index (max 10)

**Prohibition of torture index**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General</th>
<th>3.16</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>Victims of torture are not protected</strong></td>
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<td>- <strong>Even basic statistics</strong> are incomplete, inconsistent and partially classified</td>
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<td>- There is no uniform standard for medical examination of detainees</td>
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<tr>
<td>- <strong>Ineffectiveness</strong> of torture investigations</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Inadequate expert investigation and documentation of torture</td>
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### Judgments documenting the problem of torture

- Judgments and decisions of international bodies documenting the problem of torture and ill-treatment: Overall, 24 for the entire period
- Judgments of Kyrgyz courts: One case went to court (15 people were convicted in 4 years)
- Judgments excluding evidence obtained under torture: No data

### Criminalization of torture and ill-treatment

- Explicit prohibition of torture in criminal law: Torture explicitly prohibited in criminal law
- Criminalization of acts falling within the definition of torture: Criminalized. Criminal sanctions are clearly defined.
- Definition of torture consistent with international treaties: Not fully consistent with the UN Convention against Torture

### Government body investigating allegations of torture and ill-treatment

- There is a body authorized to investigate torture: No. Torture cases are subject to the general jurisdiction of the National Security Committee and the Military Prosecutor’s Office
- Number of investigators: No data
- Number of cases opened into alleged torture: 82 (according to the General Prosecutor’s Office)
- Supervising authority: The Prosecutor’s Office and the Military Prosecutor’s Office are subordinate to the highest government authorities
- Geographic coverage: Large territorial units only
- Budget: Sufficient, covers essential costs
- Number of complaints of torture and ill-treatment: 147

### Ratification of relevant international treaties

- Relevant conventions: Yes
- Optional Protocol to the UN Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (2002): Signed and ratified
- Istanbul Protocol: Some standards are implemented in domestic legislation

### Procedural guarantees

- Documenting the actual detention start time: Yes. Time of actual detention is documented
- Lawyer notification at the actual detention start time: No notification in practice.
- Family notification: No notification in practice.
- Medical examination: All detainees undergo a medical check-up, but there is no uniform protocol for such examination

### Preventive mechanisms

- Independent external review mechanism: An independent and autonomous body is established
- Video surveillance: Not all facilities are equipped, but where available, video surveillance also covers private areas
- Access to, and safekeeping of video evidence: Archives are not protected and there are no penalties for damaging/tampering with video footage

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**Population** – 6 457 000

**Prison population** (convicted) — 5 195

**In pre-trial detention** (under investigation) - no data

**Detainees** (under administrative arrest) - no data

**Law enforcement budget** 13 303 692 EUR (for the penitentiary service, no data on the police force)

**Police officers** - no data

**Number of penitentiary service personnel** - no data